

ADVANCED HEALTH ASSESSMENT
MIDTERM EXAM NEWEST QUESTIONS
AND CORRECT DETAILED ANSWERS
(VERIFIED ANSWERS) | ALREADY GRADED
A+

Dysplastic Melanocytic Nevi (DMN) Prevalence
Rate = 5% - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓ a non cancerous
mole that develops but is benign.

can it turn into cancer: Yes, but most dysplastic
nevi do not turn into melanoma (1, 3). Most
remain stable over time. Researchers estimate
that the chance of melanoma is about ten times
greater for someone with more than five
dysplastic nevi than for someone who has

none, and the more dysplastic nevi a person has, the greater the chance of developing melanoma.

Runs in families

congenital giant nevis - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓ a skin condition characterized by an abnormally dark, noncancerous skin patch (nevus) that is composed of pigment-producing cells called melanocytes. It is present from birth (congenital) or is noticeable soon after birth. The nevus may be small in infants, but it will usually grow at the same rate the body grows and will eventually be at least 40 cm (15.75 inches) across. The nevus can appear anywhere on the body, but it is more often found on the trunk or limbs. The color ranges from tan to black and can become darker or lighter over time. The surface of a nevus can be flat, rough,

raised, thickened, or bumpy; the surface can vary in different regions of the nevus, and it can change over time. The skin of the nevus is often dry and prone to irritation and itching (dermatitis). Excessive hair growth (hypertrichosis) can occur within the nevus.

difference between pathologic jaundice and physiological - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓ physiologic: appears day 2-3, disappears within a week of birth

pathologic: appears in 1st 24 hrs after birth, r/t hemolytic disease of newborn, extending beyond 2-3 weeks should be a concern

infant erythema toxicum -

✓✓ANSWER✓✓ looks like flea bites, ? etiology, disappear w/in a week after birth

Pustular melanosis: - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓ seen in African American infants, can last several months, small vesiculopustules over a brown macular base

Milia: - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓ pinhead smooth white raised areas w/out surrounding erythema on nose, chin, forehead caused by retention of sebum in sebaceous glands

scleroderma - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓ chronic progressive disease of the skin and internal organs with hardening and shrinking of connective tissue

cherry angioma - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓ a small, round, bright red blood vessel tumor on the