ADVANCED HEALTH ASSESSMENT-CARDIOVASCULAR - ADVANCED HEALTH ASSESSMENT MIDTERM EXAM NEWEST ACTUAL EXAM COMPLETE QUESTIONS AND CORRECT DETAILED ANSWERS

Afterload - CORRECT ANSWER Degree of vascular resistance to ventricular contraction. Depends on (arteries walls tone)+volume of blood that aorta already had

AHA "ideal CV health" is when - CORRECT ANSWER 7 health behaviors (1.lean body mass, 2.non-smoker, 3.exercising, 4.healthy diet) and 5. total cholesterol <200, 6. BP <120/80, 7. fasting glucose <100

Anterior tearing or ripping chest pain, may radiate to back or neck indicates... - CORRECT ANSWER ANSWER ANSWER

Aortic sounds/murmurs location - CORRECT ANSWER Anywhere: from Right 2ICS to left side> to Apex

BP influenced by 4 factors: - CORRECT ANSWER 1. LV stroke volume



Distensibility of the aorta and the large arteries PVR, especially at arteriolar level Amt/volume of blood in the arterial system HF term is used bc - CORRECT ANSWER V Not all pts have volume overload on initial presentation In some pathological conditions, an early systolic ejection sound (Ej) accompanies... - CORRECT ANSWER The opening of the Aortic valve JV hum is - CORRECT ANSWER Murmur that's Normal in kids and young adults JVP= - CORRECT ANSWER Right atrial pressure= CVP+RV end-diastolic pressure MV sounds at - ✓ ✓ CORRECT ANSWER ✓ ✓ Apex Myocardial contractility depends on - <a> CORRECT ANSWER <a> SNS and decreased when decrease in O2 to myocardium Normally, maximal LV pressure corresponds to systolic BP - CORRECT ANSWER CORRECT ANSWER Orthopnea is - CORRECT ANSWER Dyspnea when lying down and better when sits up Orthopnea occurs in... - CORRECT ANSWER LV HF, mitral stenosis, obstructive lung dz (COPD)

OS = opening snap seen in - CORRECT ANSWER MV stenosis/ diastole (audible closure of MV

P wave is...

is pathologic)

Duration ... - CORRECT ANSWER Atrial depolarization 80 millisec PR 120-200 msec Pathological increase in Afterload called - < CORRECT ANSWER < Pressure overload Pathological increase in preload called - CORRECT ANSWER V Volume overload PMI > 2.5 is evidence of ... - CORRECT ANSWER V V LVH (due to HTN or Aortic stenosis) PND (Paroxysmal Nocturnal Dyspnea) occurs - CORRECT ANSWER V LV HF, mitral stenosis, obstructive lung dz (COPD), asthma Preload - CORRECT ANSWER Load that stretches the myocardium before contraction Pulmonic sounds/murmurs location - ✓ ✓ CORRECT ANSWER ✓ ✓ 2nd & 3rd left ICS Pulse pressure is - CORRECT ANSWER The difference between Systolic BP and Diastolic BP (120/80: 120-80=40) Q wave is - CORRECT ANSWER Downward deflection from septal depolarization R wave - CORRECT ANSWER V Upward deflection of ventricular depolarization RV preload is decreased by - CORRECT ANSWER Exhalation, decreased LV output, pooling of blood in capillaries or veins RV preload is increased by - CORRECT ANSWER / Increase in venous return, HF (pathologic), physiologic: inspiration, exercise