MPTC Criminal investigation Exam 2024-2026 with questions and answers

police cannot initiate CRA for what children - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$..habitually truant or habitual school offender

primary responsibility for first responders regarding trace, DNA and fingerprint evidence $-\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$...identify and protect the evidence until expert assistance arrives

psychological abuse in DV - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$..includes intimidation, verbal abuse, threats or coercive tactics ultimately to traumatize and control victims (stalking, name calling, public humiliation, isolating victims from family, use children as leverage)

purpose of a rough sketch - $\checkmark \checkmark$ ANSW $\checkmark \checkmark$...provide an overview of the crime scene and its contents

report writing for MV theft - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$..date, time, location where it was stolen or recovered surrounding circumstances for initial theft or recovery current description of vehicle evidence description statements follow up actions

runaway child - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$..repeatedly runs away from the home of the child's parents / legal guardian.

search the person _____ before any containers in his or her possession - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$..first

sex trafficking - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$..is the recruitment, harboring, transportation or obtaining of a person for the purposes of commerical sex act that are induced by force, fraud or coercion.

sexual abuse in DV - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$..sexual assault and rape are used to intimidate, demean and demonstrate power over victims.

sexually exploited child - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$..any person under 18 years old who has been subjected to sexual exploitation...

is the victim of the crime of sexual servitude or sex trafficking
engages/agrees to engage or offers to engage in sexual conduct for a fee / exchange of goods.

shake and bake cooking method - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$..requires one plastic bottle and less than 1 hour to produce the meth.

3 phases of sex trafficking victims - √√ANSW√√..phase 1 - identify victims phase 2 - recruit victims phase 3 - control victims

3 things communicating with persons with disabilities accomplishes - \checkmark ANSW \checkmark .focuses on the person, not disability recognizes disability is only part, not all the person demonstrates liberation rather than limitation

3 types of inhalants - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$..1 - volatile substances (gas, glue, paint, polish)

2 - aerosols (hairspray, deodorant, insecticides)

3 - anesthetic gases (ether, nitrous oxide)

Active Crimes - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$..potential evidence still exists and needs to be collected, reviewed, or checked.

after the arrest of the driver, impoundment (towing) of the vehicle is permissible for 4 legitimate purposes. - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$..1 - to protect the vehicle and its contents from theft or vandalism

- 2 protect the public from dangerous items that might be in the vehicle.
- 3 protect public safety where the vehicle, as parked creates a dangerous condition; or
- 4 when the vehicle is parked on private property

amber alert - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$..photograph of child;

child must be under 18 years old

police must believe the child must believe child is in danger of bodily harm or death there is sufficient descriptive information available to believe the Alert can help locate the child

best practice to deliver a death notification - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$..prepare answers in advance, only talk with adult members, deliver in private location with chairs, refer to deceased by name, provide as many facts as you can, only known information, provide services, provide current location of deceased

best practices for a sexual assault detailed report - √√ANSW√√..relationship between victim/suspect

drug/alcohol use injuries description of crime scene victim trauma, emotions, and state of mind victim, first complaint and suspect statements active/expired orders children

best practices for active crimes - $\sqrt{ANSW}\sqrt{A.Continue}$ searching for, collecting and corroborating evidence towards leads provide victim/witness social services conduct follow-up interviews/interrogations conduct photo array/live lineup send evidence for forensics testing seek complaint or arrest warrant detailed report

best practices for completing an investigative report on domestics -√√ANSW√√..relationship between victim/abuser their physical condition any alcohol/drug influence description of injuries description of crime scene (location of evidence, etc) spontaneous utterances, interview statements prior DV cases description of evidence collected active/expired protective orders children

best practices for solved crimes - √√ANSW√√..continue searching for, collecting and corroborating evidence towards leads provide social services detailed report coordinate with the prosecutor - keep victim/witness informed of trial dates. their participation can be critical for success prepare for trial

best practices for strip searches - √√ANSW√√..private area/not viewable to the public no more than one additional officer present gender of officer and suspect are the same the officer does not touch suspect done in a non-humiliating way consistent with department policy

best practices for testifying in court - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$..arrive early with clean attire use body language that projects confidence and patience (no unnecessary hand/body movement)

active listening, follow instructions pause 2-3 seconds before answering questions only answer what is asked, be precise use your own words, don't memorize answers always tell the truth

best practices for unsolved crimes - √√ANSW√√..provide victims and witness with social services and other referral info. complete a thorough and detailed report. continue to monitor other crimes with similar MO take time to re-contact victim or witness

cannabis - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$...derived primarily from a variety of plant species

cannabis side effects - √√ANSW√√..bloodshot eyes tremors increased appetite relaxed balance problems slow reaction time

caretaker - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$...person with responsibility for the care of an elder or person with disability

central nervous system stimulants - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$..increase alertness, attention, energy and confidence levels (cocaine, Adderall, meth) some are legally used to treat obesity, sleep disorders, and ADHD.

chain of custody - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$..the documented and unbroken transfer of evidence

clandestine labs are used to produce what - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$...most clandestine labs in the US are used to manufacture meth (CNS stimulant) because they are easy to produce

close-up photograph - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$..take photos of each injury from less than 2 feet away. place ruler next to injury to demonstrate size

clothing, bedding and linen evidence - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$..items worn or used by both victims and suspects.

CNS depressants - $\sqrt{4}$ ANSW $\sqrt{4}$..slow down brain and psychomotor activity. are used legally treat, epilepsy, anxiety, insomnia and mental illness

common circumstances that allow police to lawfully impound (tow) a vehicle - $\sqrt{ANSW}\sqrt{A}$..abandoned vehicles after driver's arrest when vehicle is traffic hazard