

ATI FUNDAMENTALS PROCTORED FINAL EXAM 2025 TEST BANK - 100
MUST-KNOW QUESTIONS WITH ANSWERS & RATIONALES | HIGH-YIELD
NCLEX PREP

1. A nurse is assessing a client who received morphine 30 minutes ago for pain. Which of the following findings is the priority?

- A. Reports pain level of 8/10
- B. Respiratory rate of 7/min
- C. Last bowel movement was 3 days ago
- D. Distended bladder

Answer: B. Respiratory rate of 7/min

Explanation: Respiratory depression is a life-threatening adverse effect of morphine and takes priority.

2. A nurse is preparing to suction a client's tracheostomy. Which action should the nurse take?

- A. Apply intermittent suction during insertion
- B. Suction airway for 20 seconds with each pass
- C. Hyperoxygenate for 30-60 seconds before suctioning
- D. Decrease suction pressure to 150 mm Hg if O₂ sat drops

Answer: A. Apply intermittent suction during insertion

Explanation: Intermittent suction prevents trauma to the mucosa.

3. A nurse is teaching a client with Type 2 Diabetes about foot care. Which statement indicates understanding?

- A. "I can apply lotion between my toes."
- B. "I should trim my toenails straight across."
- C. "I can soak my feet daily."
- D. "I will walk barefoot at home to improve circulation."

Answer: B. "I should trim my toenails straight across."

Explanation: Trimming toenails straight across helps prevent injury and infection.

4. Which of the following requires contact precautions?

- A. Measles
- B. Clostridium difficile
- C. Tuberculosis
- D. Influenza

Answer: B. Clostridium difficile

Explanation: C. difficile requires contact precautions due to the risk of transmission through direct or indirect contact.

5. A nurse is obtaining informed consent for surgery. The client states, "I don't want the surgery anymore." What is the appropriate response?

- A. Explain the risks of not having the procedure
- B. Encourage the client to proceed
- C. Document the client's decision
- D. Discuss alternatives to surgery

Answer: C. Document the client's decision

Explanation: The nurse must respect the client's autonomy and document their choice.

6. A client has a latex allergy and is scheduled for surgery. Which action should the nurse take?

- A. Schedule the surgery first in the day
- B. Cleanse stoppers with iodine
- C. Use powdered gloves
- D. Use latex-free IV tubing only

Answer: A. Schedule the surgery first in the day

Explanation: This minimizes exposure to latex residue in the operating room.

7. A nurse is teaching a client about self-administering ophthalmic drops. Which statement indicates understanding?

- A. "I will press on the inner corner of my eye after instilling drops."
- B. "I will insert drops into the center of my eye."
- C. "I will keep my eyes closed for 10 minutes after the drops."
- D. "I will raise my eyelid while looking down and insert the drops."

Answer: A. "I will press on the inner corner of my eye after instilling drops."

Explanation: This prevents systemic absorption of the medication.

8. A nurse is teaching a client about care of an indwelling urinary catheter. Which statement is correct?

- A. Secure the drainage bag to the side rails
- B. Keep the drainage bag below bladder level
- C. Tape the catheter to the client's abdomen
- D. Empty the drainage bag when full

Answer: B. Keep the drainage bag below bladder level

Explanation: This prevents backflow of urine, reducing infection risk.

9. Which finding indicates a Stage 1 pressure injury?

- A. Open wound with exposed bone
- B. Blistered skin
- C. Non-blanchable redness over bony prominence
- D. Necrotic tissue with slough

Answer: C. Non-blanchable redness over bony prominence

Explanation: This is the hallmark of a Stage 1 pressure injury.

10. A nurse is planning care for a client with impaired mobility and incontinence. Which action reduces skin breakdown risk?

- A. Apply a moisture barrier after hygiene
- B. Request a urinary catheter

- C. Limit fluid intake
- D. Apply talcum powder to perineal area

Answer: A. Apply a moisture barrier after hygiene

Explanation: Moisture barriers protect the skin from breakdown.

11. Which action by a nurse demonstrates correct aseptic technique for a sterile field?

- A. Pour sterile solution with bottle label facing palm
- B. Hold bottle of solution 2 cm above sterile field
- C. Reach over sterile field to grab supplies
- D. Wear sterile gloves to open solution bottle

Answer: A. Pour sterile solution with bottle label facing palm

Explanation: This prevents contamination of the label.

12. A nurse is teaching about preventing urinary tract infections. Which statement by the client indicates understanding?

- A. "I will wipe from back to front."
- B. "I will drink at least 2 liters of fluid daily."
- C. "I will hold urine to strengthen my bladder."
- D. "I will use douches after intercourse."

Answer: B. "I will drink at least 2 liters of fluid daily."

Explanation: Increased fluid intake helps flush the urinary tract.

13. A nurse is caring for a client with *Clostridium difficile* infection. Which PPE is required?

- A. Surgical mask
- B. Gloves and gown