

**Community Health Nursing Biology Test Concepts**  
**Questions with 100% Correct Answers (actual**  
**comprehensive ) year 2025\2026 graded A**

The public health nurse (PHN) knows that he must approach a public health problem with an understanding of the related underlying risk factors in order to develop effective nursing interventions. He must also consider that these risk factors can be either \_\_\_\_\_ based or \_\_\_\_\_ based.

- a) Epidemic; population
- b) Disease; individual
- c) Individual; population
- d) Intervention; government -ANSWER->>>>a) Individual; population

If the international medical community was working to contain several worldwide pandemics, they would look to the World Health Organization (WHO), which is:

- a) Working to improve health and well being for the global population
- b) The public health arm of the united nations

- c) Working with nurses to promote public health interventions
- d) All of the above -ANSWER->>>>d) All of the above

The Institute of Medicine (IOM) stated in their report, The Future of the Public's Health, that there are three core functions that society carries out to collectively support the optimum conditions for public health. Which one of the following is not one of these functions?

- a) Assessment
- b) Assurance
- c) Prevention
- d) Policy development -ANSWER->>>>c) Prevention

With aging, there is an increase in noncommunicable (chronic) illness. The PHN recognizes that an example of a noncommunicable illness is:

- a) Heart disease
- b) Severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS)
- c) HIV
- d) Hepatitis -ANSWER->>>>a) Heart disease

The obesity rate in a local neighborhood is partially the product of a limited access to full service grocery stores and a lack of dedicated safe venues for exercise. This is an example of issues related to the

"upstream" determinants of public health that contribute to the ecology of a community's health "downstream." The PHN understands that upstream determinants include social relations, neighborhoods and communities, institutions, and \_\_\_\_.

- a) Tertiary nursing interventions
- b) Availability of medicine to treat disease
- c) Increasing the number of primary care provider
- d) Social and economic policies -ANSWER->>>>d) Social and economic policies

A nursing instructor is giving a lecture on community participation in an ecological public health system. She teaches that the benefits of this collaboration for participants in the community's public health are that their efforts increase effectiveness and productivity, empower the participants, strengthen social engagement, and \_\_\_\_.

- a) Increase the number of medical facilities
- b) Decrease disease rates
- c) Monitor childhood illnesses
- d) Ensure accountability -ANSWER->>>>d) Ensure accountability

Which layer of government is responsible for issuing quarantines during a communicable disease outbreak?

- a) State
- b) Local
- c) Federal
- d) All of the above -ANSWER->>>>b) Local

The nursing student is taught correctly that local health departments do not oversee which of the following?

- a) The surveillance of disease
- b) Public sanitation and water supply
- c) Licensing of local hospitals
- d) Investigation of disease outbreaks -ANSWER->>>>c) Licensing of local hospitals

The PHN recognizes that environmental science, epidemiology, biostatistics, biomedical sciences, and \_\_\_\_\_ form the foundational subjects of public health.

- a) Social and behavioral sciences
- b) The humanities
- c) Anthropology
- d) economics -ANSWER->>>>a) Social and behavioral sciences